Taylor County EMS On-Duty Supervisor - (325) 305-2911

Taylor County EMS - Medical Necessity Certification Statement for Non-Emergency Ambulance Services

SECTION I – GENERAL INFORMATION			
Patient's Name:	Date of Birth:	Medicare #:	
<u>-</u>	(Valid for round trips this date, or for s		
Origin:			
Is the Patient's stay covered under Medicare Part A (PPS/DRG?) ☐ YES ☐ NO			
Closest appropriate facility?   YES   NO If no, why was the patient transported to another facility?			
	<u>-</u>	•	
If hospital to hospital transfer,	describe services needed at 2nd facility not a	available at 1st facility:	
If hospice Pt, is this transport related to Pt's terminal illness?   YES   NO Describe:			
	SECTION II – MEDICAL NECE	SSITY QUESTIONNAIRE	
the patient. To meet this require	nedically necessary only if other means of tr rement, the patient must be either "bed cont ntraindicated by the patient's condition. <b>The</b> for this form to be valid:	fined" <u>or</u> suffer from a condition suc	h that transport by means
	ONDITION (physical and/or mental) of this p ted in an ambulance, and why transport by o		
To be "bed confine assistance; AND (2)	ned" as defined below?   Yes   No ed" the patient must satisfy all three of the formula to ambulate; AND (3) unable to sit in	a chair or wheelchair.	from bed without
4) In addition to completing	transported by car or wheelchair van (i.e., $r$ questions 1-3 above, please check any of the	ne following conditions that apply*:	□ Yes □ No
*Note: supporting docume	entation for any boxes checked must be maint	ained in the patient's medical record	's
☐ Contractures ☐ No	on-healed fractures $\Box$ Patient is confused	☐ Patient is comatose ☐ Mode	erate/severe pain on movement
$\square$ Danger to self/others $\square$ IV	meds/fluids required $\square$ Patient is combative	$\square$ Need, or possible need, for res	straints
□ DVT requires elevation of a lower extremity □ Medical attendant required □ Requires oxygen – unable to self-administer			
☐ Special handling/isolation/infection control precautions required ☐ Unable to tolerate seated position for time needed to transport			
☐ Hemodynamic monitoring required enroute ☐ Unable to sit in a chair or wheelchair due to decubitus ulcers or other wounds			
☐ Cardiac monitoring required enroute ☐ Morbid obesity requires additional personnel/equipment to safely handle patient			
Orthopedic device (backboard, halo, pins, traction, brace, wedge, etc.) requiring special handling during transport			
☐ Other (specify)			
I certify that the above informated to CFR 410.40(e)(1) are met, recenters for Medicare and Medicare and the description of the facility where the beneficiary is beneficiary's condition at the transfer of the facility with the f	ATURE OF PHYSICIAN OR OTHER tion is accurate based on my evaluation of the equiring that this patient be transported by a dicaid Services (CMS) to support the determinancy's attending physician; or an employee is being treated and from which the beneficial time of transport; and that I meet all Medicar	nis patient, and that the medical nec ambulance. I understand this inform ination of medical necessity for amb of the beneficiary's attending physic ary is being transported; that I have e regulations and applicable State li	ressity provisions of lation will be used by the bulance services. I cian, or the hospital or expersonal knowledge of the licensure laws for the lance service's claim form
behalf of the patient pursuant t	ich I am affiliated has furnished care, service to 42 CFR §424.36(b)(4). In accordance with able of signing the claim form is as follows:	42 CFR §424.37, the specific reason	
X	Defeation)		
Signature of Physician* or Authorized Healthcare Professional		Date Signed (For scheduled repetitive transport, this form is not valid for transports performed more than 60 days after this date).	
*Form must be signed only by p	s of Physician or Authorized Healthcare Propatient's attending physician for scheduled, retending physician, any of the following may sig	petitive transports. For non-repetitive	
☐ Physician Assistant	☐ Clinical Nurse Specialist	☐ Licensed Practical Nurse	☐ Case Manager
□ Nurse Practitioner	☐ Registered Nurse	□ Social Worker	□ Discharge Planner



## South Taylor Emergency Medical Services d/b/a Taylor County EMS Non-Emergency Ambulance Services



STEMS On-Duty Supervisor: (325) 305-2911 STEMS Fax: (888) 317-8101

## Instructions

completing this form will facilitate processing of the transportation service request. Please complete this form and fax back to STEMS at (888) 317-8101. You will receive a call back confirming your request. If you have additional questions, please contact our On-Duty Supervisor at (325) 305-2911.

# **Medical Necessity Checklist Tool**

This tool is designed to assist you in the accurate completion of the form. It does not in any way serve as a replacement for properly completing the PCS section of this form.

Instructions Below are eight of the most commonly documented conditions that are associated with patients requiring transport by ambulance. These are often also difficult to accurately and completely document. Please make sure that the specific patient information that applies is included in your narrative description on the PCS form.

#### Contractures:

The Specific limb(s) and degree must be documented.

- Upper extremities bilaterally
- Lower extremities bilaterally
- Upper and lower extremities on one side
- Contractures in all extremities.
- Contracted into the fetal position

### CVA - Recent or Acute

Documentation must specify if the CVA is recent, and therefore ust include the date of the CVA.

- If the CVA is a part of the patient's history, document the rationale for the ambulance transport.
- Coma; non-responsive
- Contractures (when associated with CVA) specify the involved limbs and severity.
- Paralysis and associative, descriptive information that can help to determine medical necessity.

## Fractures and Joint Replacement:

Splinting and immobilization requirements must be documented.

- For possible hip fractures, the documentation should include a description of the patient's condition at the time of transport (patient fell from bed onto hip, patient complained of severe pain to hip and/or the leg was shortened and rotated inward).
- For joint replacement/post fracture repair, if the patient is ambulatory (moves with a walker, cane) and/or is able to sit upright in a chair or wheelchair, the ambulance transport is not medically necessary"
- Or, for joint replacement/post fracture repair, describe in detail why the patient is non-weight bearing or unable to place pressure/weight on the fracture site (i.e. a possibility of re-injuring the repair site exists).

#### Restraints:

Stretcher straps are not considered restraints. Restraints are physical or chemical

- Documentation should describe 'why' restraints were used to facilitate transport (i.e. patient restrained because of combative, violent behavior and presented a danger to themselves and others).
- For physical restraints, document the limbs restrained and the physician ordering the restraint.
- For chemical restraints, document the medication used, time given, dosage, and effect upon the patient (i.e. unconscious, lethargic).

## **Decubitus Ulcers:**

Documentation must include:

- The size and location of the ulceration
- The stage of healing
- Associative information explaining why a wheelchair or other means of transportation could not be used
- Flap surgical repair with location and supporting information can also be accepted

## **Cardio-Respiratory Support:**

Documentation should include the reason why the patient requires oxygen administration / cardio-respiratory monitoring and the specific service that is unavailable at the originating facility for facility-to-facility transports.

- Dyspnea
- Respiratory arrest
- Shock
- Terminal, debilitating lung cancer
- Mechanical ventilation

## **Generalized Weakness**

**Note:** Generalized weakness and muscle atrophy is **NOT** a covered condition for ambulance transport

- Documentation must describe in detail the specific signs and symptoms that require an ambulance for transportation
- Weakness do to terminal or debilitating cancer must be clearly documented and the patient condition described

## Patient and/or Physician Request:

**Note:** While patient choice is a recognized right under the BBA of 1997, Medicare **does not** cover transports that are made on the basis of patient and/or physician preference.

- If the originating facility is capable of treating without endangering the patient, then the transport is not medically necessary
- Documentation must include specific test, procedure, service, or specialty not available at the originating facility (i.e. CABG, neurosurgery, vascular surgery, long-term inpatient cardiac rehabilitation)
- Documentation should also include transport reason beyond the nearest facility if known (i.e. cardiac catheter services unavailable at originating facility with possible interventional cardiology services needed.